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## AMENDED PATENT CLAIMS:

(original) A method of making a contact between a first layer (5;25;35;45;55;65;75a,b) and a layer (1;21;31;41;71;57;67;77) bounding or adjacent the first layer, characterized in that:

a passivation element is deposited or incorporated in or on the first layer (25;55) and/or the adjoining layer (1;21;31;41) or in a starting component for these layers (34;54;64;68;71) by ion implantation, and

the passivation element by means of a thermal treatment is enriched in at least one interface (6a,b;26a,b;46a,b;66a,b; 76a,b) between the first layer and the adjoining layer.

(original) A method of making a contact between a first layer (5;25;35;45;55;65;75a,b) and a layer (1;21;31;41;71;57;67;77) bounding or adjacent the first layer, characterized in that:

a passivation element is applied or introduced into or on the adjacent layer (1;21;31;41) by means of ion implantation or deposition and/or in the silicide (25;55) or in its metallic (34;54;64) and/or silicon containing (68;71) component, and

by means of a thermal treatment for the passivation element is enriched in at least one interface (6a,b;26a,b;36a,b; 46a,b;66a,b;76a,b) of the silicide to the adjoining layer.

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3. (currently amended) The method according to claims 1 or 2 claim 1 characterized in that as the first layer a metal silicide, a semiconductor silicide and a metal germanide or a metal is selected.

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- 4. (currently amended) The method according to ene of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that as the adjoining layer a semiconductor layer or a dielectric is selected.
- 5. (currently amended) The method according to one of the preceding patent claims claim 1 characterized in that silicon is chosen as the material for the adjoining layer.
- 6. (currently amended) The method according to ene of the preceding claim 1 characterized in that the passivation element is implanted or deposited before or after the production of the silicide or germanide.
- 7. (currently amended) The method according to ene of the preceding claim 1 characterized by at least one thermal treatment to produce the silicide or germanide.
- 8. (currently amended) The method according to ene of the proceding claims claim 1 characterized in that by a thermal treatment the first layer is formed and the passivation of the interface or interfaces to the adjoining layer is effected.

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- 9. (currently amended) The method according to one-of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that for the enrichment of the interface with the passivation element between the first layer and the adjoining layer is effected during a solidization.
- 10. (currently amended) The method according to one-of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized by the choice of a chalcogen as the passivation element.
- 11. (currently amended) The method according to one of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized by the choice of selenium, sulfur or tellurium as the chalcogen.
- 12. (currently amended) The method according to one-of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that the passivation element is implanted with a dose of  $10^{12}$  to  $10^{16}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>, especially  $10^{14}$ to 1015 cm-2.
- 13. (currently amended) The method according to ene ef the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that the metal component of the metal silicide or metal germanide is selected from the group of cobalt, nickel, titanium, tungsten and/or molybdenum.
- 14. (currently amended) The method according to ene of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that the silicon

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component of the silicide as the first layer is comprised of polysilicon or amorphous silicon.

- 15. (currently amended) The method according to ene of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized by the choice of  $\beta$ FeSi<sub>2</sub>, Ru<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>, MnSi<sub>2</sub> or CrSi<sub>2</sub> as a semiconductor silicide.
- 16. (currently amended) The method according to ene-of the preceding patent claims claim 1 characterized in that a mask is arranged on the adjoining layer.
- 17. (currently amended) An electronic component comprised of at least one passivated metal-semiconductor or metal-insulator contact made in accordance with one of the preceding patent claims claim 1.
- 18. (original) A Schottky barrier MOSFET with an adjustable, especially negative Schottky barrier as the source and/or drain contact of an electronic component according to claim 17.
- 19. (original) A Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 18 characterized in that the contact has a silicon thickness smaller than 30 nm arranged on an ultra thin SOI substrate.

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- 20. (currently amended) A MOSFET with a gate contact adjusted by means of passivation as an electronic component according to one of claims 17 to 19 claim 17.
- 21. (original) A spin transistor as the electronic component according to claim 17 characterized in that a semiconductor silicide is selected as the first layer with Mn or Fe or Co doping for the formation of magnetic source and drain contacts.

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This preliminary amendment is submitted to provide the cross reference of the present US national phase of PCT/DE2004/001294 to the international application according to Rule 78, and to eliminate the multiple dependencies in the claims.

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